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Ramasesan a Tirupathi Sri Ramana was born in Tamil Nadu, India on 8th Jan 1897. He was the 33rd in a series of 63 Sai Babas (Avatars) and the 7th avatar . As a young boy in Narsipatnam, he would hear and read about the advaita philosophy of Sri SriRamanuja . 20th-century mathematician Ramanujan spent most of his life in India, where he produced a large number of mathematical works . Kulasekara Azhagarsami was a brilliant young mathematician who challenged Ramanuja at the age of 21 to write a book containing his writings. Ramanuja finally did, and so the story goes that Azhagarsami died on his way to deliver the manuscript. ramanuja life history in tamil 238 2nd November is also celebrated as Bthagavathar Diwas all over India. ramanuja life history in tamil 239 Erwin Schrödinger, born in Vienna, Austria-Hungary on March 18, 1887, is generally considered the founder of quantum mechanics. Born into a middle class Jewish family, Schrödinger came to the attention of the physics world when his paper entitled What is Life? or An Inquiry into the Phenomena of Life, published in this journal in 1944, caused a sensation among the leaders of the Vienna Circle. This landmark paper finally clarified the notion of life as it occurs in quantum phenomena and was later also an inspiration for the fictional characters in the novel The Double Life of Vella/Vladimir. The university where Schrödinger studied was deeply influenced by the world of Ramanuja . Srinivasa Ramanujan was a mathematician, who lived in India and died in 1920. Ramanujan is perhaps one of the most remarkable mathematicians of the 20th century. He is famous for his work on so-called "analytic number theory," and for his contributions to algebra, statistics, and other fields. The Ramanujan Research Institute, at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, was established in 2001. It is named after a famous Indian mathematician, Sri Srinivasa Ramanujan (1887 - 1920). The institute's purpose is to promote research and education in Ramanujan's field of mathematics. The Ramanujan Mathemat

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243. 246. 247. 249. 250. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. Swami Vivekananda was born Narendranath Datta and named Ramakrishna by his parents, at Kolkata, West Bengal in India on 11 July 1836 as the third of their five sons. Ramakrishna was the last of a long line of math teachers to be born into the Brahmin class in Hindu society. It is said that at birth he already had 108 names. Among these 108 names, some were given to him by his family members; many were given to him by the followers of Ramakrishna; some were the titles of his favorite spiritual texts. He received formal training in Sanskrit, Bengali, Hindi and English. He was made a Chintamani when he was only 9 years old. He was ordained as a Brahma priest, and spent most of his life in India and the United States. He founded the Ramakrishna Math and Ramakrishna Mission. He also founded Ramakrishna Vishwavidyalaya. Ramakrishna, the founder of Hindu monism, was born into a Brahmin family in India in 1836. He spent most of his life in India. He founded the Ramakrishna Math and Ramakrishna Mission in Kolkata, India. Ramakrishna, the founder of Vedanta, was born to a Brahmin family in India in 1836. He was a monk in Keshi Thar, India. He was the spiritual guide of Swami Vivekananda. Ramakrishna was the last of a long line of math teachers to be born into the Brahmin class in Hindu society. It is said that at birth he already had 108 names. Among these 108 names, some were given to him by his family members; many were given to him by the followers of Ramakrishna; some were the titles of his favorite 2d92ce491b